# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SRM Supplier: National Institute of Standards and Technology

**Standard Reference Materials Program** 

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SRM Number: 1683b

MSDS Number: 1683b

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SRM Name: Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen

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#### SECTION I. MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

Material Name: Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen

Description: This SRM is supplied in a DOT 3AL specification aluminum (6061 alloy) cylinder with a water volume of 6 L. Mixtures are shipped with a nominal pressure exceeding 12.4 MPa (1800 psi) which provides the user with 0.73 m<sup>3</sup> (25.8 ft<sup>3</sup>) of useable mixture. The cylinder conforms to DOT specifications and is equipped with a CGA-660 stainless steel valve which is the recommended outlet for a nitric oxide mixture.

Other Designations: Nitric Oxide (nitrogen monoxide) in Nitrogen

Chemical Formula **CAS Registry Number** Name Nitric Oxide NO 10102-43-9  $N_2$ 7727-37-9 Nitrogen

DOT Classification: Compressed Gas, N.O.S. (nitric oxide; nitrogen) UN 1956

Manufacturer/Supplier: Available from a number of suppliers

### SECTION II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Components	Nominal Concentration	Limits and Toxicity Data		
Nitric Oxide	50 µmol/mol	ACGIH TLV: 25 μg/kg		
		OSHA TLV-TWA (PEL): 25 μg/kg		
		Rat, Inhalation: LC <sub>50</sub> : 1068 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /4 h		
		Rat, Inhalation: LC <sub>50</sub> : 115 μg/kg		
Nitrogen	balance	Simple asphyxiant		

# SECTION III. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Nitric Oxide	Nitrogen		
Appearance and Odor: colorless with a sweet order	Appearance and Odor: colorless, odorless, tasteless gas		
Relative Molecular Mass: 30.01	Relative Molecular Mass: 28.01		
Physical State: gas	Physical State: gas		
Vapor Density (Air = 1): 0.968	Vapor Density (Air = 1): $0.967$		
Vapor Pressure: not available	<b>Vapor Pressure</b> (@ <b>-196</b> °C): 760 mm Hg		
Boiling Point: not available	<b>Boiling Point:</b> -196 °C		
Odor Threshold: (0.27-0.9) µmol/mol	Freezing Point: -210 °C		
<b>Water Solubility</b> (@ <b>20</b> °C): 1.485 cm <sup>3</sup> /100 cm <sup>3</sup> H <sub>2</sub> O	<b>Water Solubility</b> (@ <b>20</b> °C): 1.6 g/100 mL		
Solvent Solubility: liquid ammonia	Solvent Solubility: liquid ammonia; slightly soluble in alcohol		

**NOTE:** The physical property data is for the pure components.

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SECTION IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION	HAZARD DATA	<u> </u>		
Flash Point: Nonflammable	Method Used:	Not applicable	Autoignition Temperature: Not applical	ble
Flammability Limits in Air (Volume %		R: Not applicable ER: Not applicable		
Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing	g media that is appro	opriate to the surrounding	ing fire.	
Hazardous Combustion Products: Nit	ric oxide in contact w	vith air emits highly tox	xic fumes of NO <sub>x</sub> .	
<b>Special Fire Procedures:</b> Fire fighters involved in a fire. Keep fire cylinders cool		•	f-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) when this roduct flow.	material is
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: explosive. Titanium is the only element th			ire hazards; however, mixtures of ozone and nitrog	gen may be
SECTION V. REACTIVITY DATA				
Stability: X Stable	Unstable			
Conditions to Avoid: DO NOT store r	ear sources of heat of	or in poorly ventilated	areas.	
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): titanium at high temperatures.	Nitric oxide reacts w	vith metals and oxidizi	ing materials. Nitrogen reacts with lithium, neody	mium, and
See Section IV: Fire and Explosion Ha	zard Data			
Hazardous Decomposition or Byprode	ucts: In contact with	air, nitric oxide forms	s toxic fumes of NO <sub>x</sub> .	
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will Occur	X Will Not	Occur	
SECTION VI. HEALTH HAZARD DA	ΛTA			
Route of Entry: X Inhalation	1 <u>X</u>	Skin	_ Ingestion	
This material is a high pressure gas that c	an cause rapid suffoc	cation. This gas may a	also cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract burns.	
irritants that cause congestion of the thr	oat and bronchi, and	I edema of the lungs.	sary for life. Nitric oxide forms acids in the lungs. Symptoms include headache, lowering of blood or irritating affects on the upper respiratory tract, the	d pressure,
Chronic Effects: Nitric oxide may cause	e permanent decreme	nts in pulmonary funct	tion.	
Medical Conditions Generally Aggrav	vated by Exposure:	None known		
Other Effects of Overexposure: Not	applicable			
Listed as a Carcinogen/Potential Card	rinogen:			
In the National Toxicology Prog In the International Agency for I By the Occupational Safety and	Research on Cancer (	IARC) Monographs	Yes No X X X X	

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#### **EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:**

Skin Contact: Rinse affected area with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical assistance if necessary.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes, including under the eyelids, with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical assistance.

**Inhalation:** Immediately remove victim to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Lay victim with head and chest lower than hips to improve drainage of fluids from the lungs. Obtain medical assistance.

**Ingestion:** Not applicable

NOTE: Signs and symptoms of pulmonary edema can be delayed for several hours.

TARGET ORGAN(S) OF ATTACK: eyes, skin, upper respiratory tract, and mucous membranes

## SECTION VII. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

**Steps to be Taken in Case Material Is Released:** Evacuate and ventilate area. Remove leaking cylinder to exhaust hood or safe outdoor area. Shut off source if possible and remove source of heat. In case of leakage, use SCBA. Leaks of nitric oxide are detectable by the formation of reddish-brown NO<sub>2</sub>.

**Waste Disposal:** The cylinder is the property of the purchaser. Dispose of non-refillable cylinders in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Allow gas to vent slowly to atmosphere in an unconfined area or exhaust hood. **DO NOT** reuse the empty cylinder; the empty cylinder will contain residue.

**Handling and Storage:** Secure cylinder when using to protect from falling. Use suitable hand truck to move cylinders. Wear safety shoes when handling cylinders. Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain concentrations below exposure limits and to avoid asphyxiation. A chemical safety shower and an eyewash station must be readily available. For protection of eyes, wear safety glasses.

**NOTE:** Contact lenses pose a special problem; soft lenses may absorb irritants and all lenses concentrate them. **DO NOT** wear contact lenses in the laboratory.

Store in well ventilated areas away from combustibles. Keep valve protection cap on cylinders when not in use.

## SECTION VIII. SOURCE DATA/OTHER COMMENTS

Source: Scott Specialty Gases, MSDS Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen, 02 October 1997.

MDL Information Systems, MSDS Nitrogen, Compressed Gas, 02 June 2000.

MDL Information Systems, MSDS Nitric Oxide, 01 June 2000.

**Disclaimer:** Physical and chemical data contained in this MSDS are provided for use in assessing the hazardous nature of the material. The MSDS was prepared carefully using current references; however, NIST does not certify the data on the MSDS. The certified value for this material is given only on the NIST Certificate of Analysis.

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